

CS PATURE L123

LONG TERM GRASS MIXTURE



BENEFITS

WIDE PASTURE FLEXIBILITY

- The management of the grazing schedule is facilitated by late varieties without ears until June.

PRESERVED QUALITY

- Quality of pasture maintained longer thanks to varieties resistant to rust and less heading sensible aftercut.

IDENTITY CARD

KIND OF MIX

 Grass + Clover

DURATION

 More than 4 years

CULTURE TIPS

- CS PATURE L123** must be positioned on field close to farm for an intensive grazing.
- Divide the plots into small areas to have 20 days of regrowth between each pass.
- Grazing begins before the 17 cm stage, it stops before the cover is reduced to 5 cm.
- For rapid regrowth, do not consume more than 50% of the height of the canopy.



USES

USES			POSITIONING				
Cutting	Mixed	Pasture	healthy and deep	Alternating wet/dry	Hydromorphic	Dry acid soil	Dry limestone soil
++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+	+

— Not adapted + Low adapted ++ Adapted +++ Very adapted

Source: Lidea



COMPONENTS

SPECIES/VARIETIES		CHARACTERISTICS
% in weight	% in number of plants	
PERENNIAL RAYGRASS 2N DROPPER		Very late variety. High sugar content. It will make great summer production in oceanic climate. Trampling resistant.
40 %	20 %	
PERENNIAL RAYGRASS 4N TORRUS		Late flowering. One of the most productive variety with the same yield as intermediate variety. High resistance against rust.
26 %	19 %	
MEADOW FESCUE		Perform in all kind of soil with great feed value.
16 %	10 %	
TIMOTHY		Improve the palatability of the meadow and productivity.
8 %	28 %	
WHITE CLOVER COOLFIN		One of the most aggressive variety, that ensure protein content of the pasture.
10 %	23 %	